









CSHB 1957 / CSSB 1402 is the result of **deep collaboration** within our state's wine industry to further strengthen Texas as a preeminent wine producing region. This **compromise** among industry leaders solves a decades-long challenge and moves Texas wine forward.

Passage of this law will allow Texas wineries to accurately express and illuminate the origin of their wine via use of American Viticultural Area (AVA), County or Vineyard designations on their labels. In addition to following the federal minimum standards for these designations, this labeling bill requires that the remaining grapes for each of the categories be Texas-grown, meaning consumers will be guaranteed that any Texas wine labeled with an AVA, County or Vineyard is 100% Texas-grown.

The passage of this bill will strengthen the **reputation**, **image**, **and value of Texas wines** here and abroad. Furthermore, this step will also lead to more wineries purchasing increased tonnage of Texas-grown fruit from Texas growers, rather than sourcing fruit or wine from out of state. **This bill supports Texas farmers.**

GET TO KNOW TEXAS AVAS

- American Viticultural Areas (AVAs) are delineated grape-growing regions with unique geographic and/or climatic features. These features establish terroir, which determines a grape's individual characteristics.
- There are currently eight AVAs in Texas. There is a process for individuals or groups to petition the TTB to establish a new AVA or to modify the boundaries of an existing AVA.
- Protecting and celebrating Texas AVAs, Counties, and Vineyards will allow consumers and wine industry professionals to support Texas winegrowers with increased confidence.

